

# Supporting Information for

## Synthesis of $^{15}\text{N}$ -Enriched Pseudouridine Derivatives

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### General:

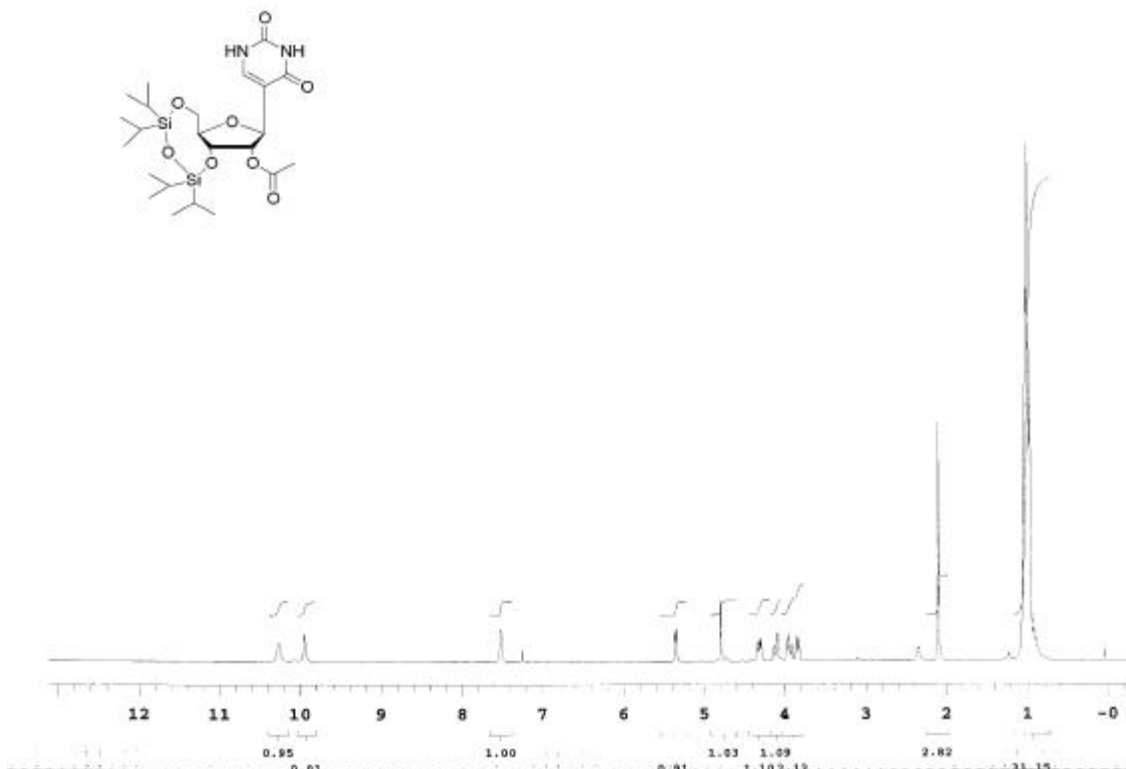
$^1\text{H}$  NMR and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra were recorded on either a Varian Unity 300, Mercury 400, or Varian Unity 500 spectrometer and referenced to tetramethylsilane as an internal standard. All  $^{15}\text{N}$  NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Unity 500 spectrometer using concentrated  $\text{H}^{15}\text{NO}_3$  as an external standard in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ . The Larmor frequencies for  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR on the 300, 400, and 500 MHz are 75.6, 100.6, and 125.6; and for  $^{15}\text{N}$  NMR at 500 MHz the frequency is 50.6. ESI spectra were recorded on a Quattro LC in positive ion mode.

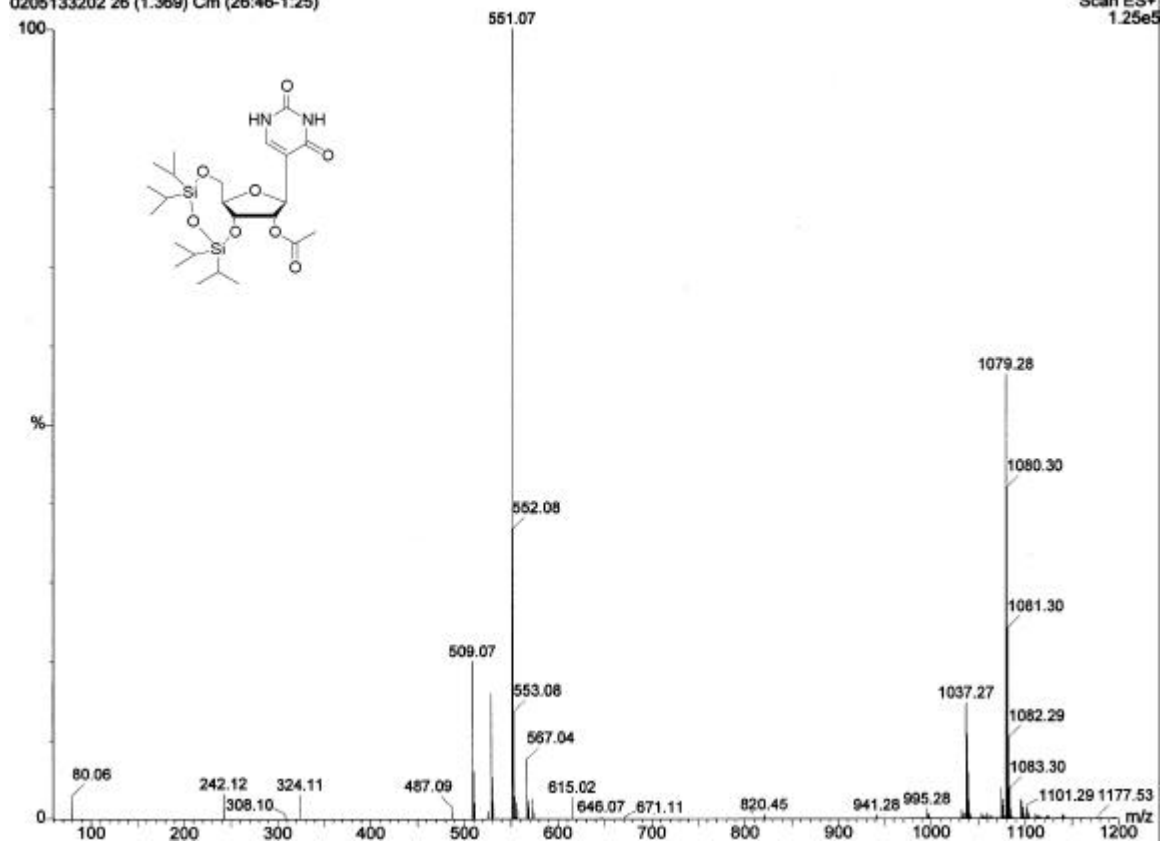
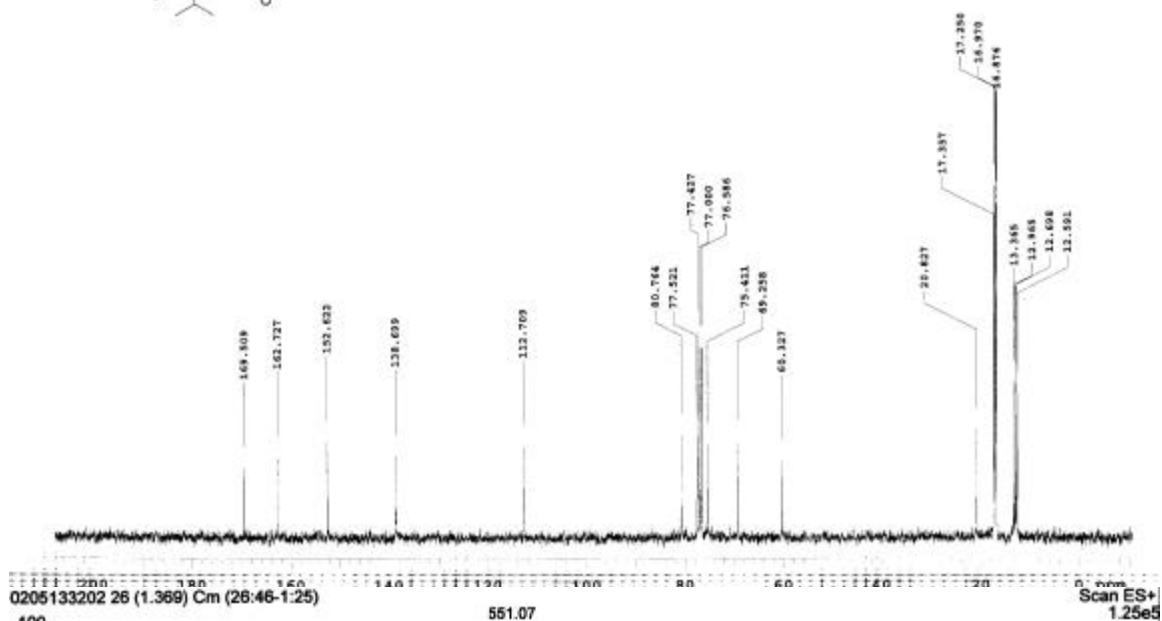
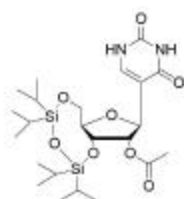
## Procedures and Characterizations:

### 2'-*O*-Acetyl-3',5'-*O*-(1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-pseudouridine (**2**).

To a solution of **1** (245.2 mg, 0.50 mmol, 1.0 eq) in freshly distilled pyridine was added DMAP (32.5 mg, 0.24 mmol, 0.48 eq). The clear solution was stirred for 30 minutes. Acetic anhydride (50  $\mu$ l, 53.9 mg, 0.53, 1.1 eq) was added dropwise to the solution and stirred for 6 h. Upon completion, the reaction was quenched with 5% NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated, and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using a 2:1 hexanes:EtOAc gradient. Column purification yielded **2** as an off-white solid in 99% yield (261.4 mg, 0.50 mmol).

TLC (hexanes/EtOAc, 2:1):  $R_f$  = 0.16; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 300 MHz)  $\delta$  (ppm) 0.96 - 1.01 (m, 28H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 3.83 (d, 1H,  $J$  = 8.7 Hz), 3.93 (d, 1H,  $J$  = 12.9 Hz), 4.10 (d, 1H,  $J$  = 12.9 Hz), 4.30 (dd, 1H,  $J$  = 9, 4.8, 5.4 Hz), 4.79 (s, 1H), 5.34 (d, 1H,  $J$  = 4.8), 7.50 (s, 1H), 9.94 (s, 1H), 10.26 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 300 MHz)  $\delta$  (ppm) 12.59, 12.70, 12.97, 13.37, 16.88, 16.97, 17.25, 17.36, 20.83, 60.33, 69.26, 75.41, 77.52, 80.76, 112.71, 138.70, 152.62, 162.73, 169.51. ESI-MS (ES<sup>+</sup>) calculated for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>8</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> 528.2, found 551.1 (M + Na), 1079.3 (2M + Na).





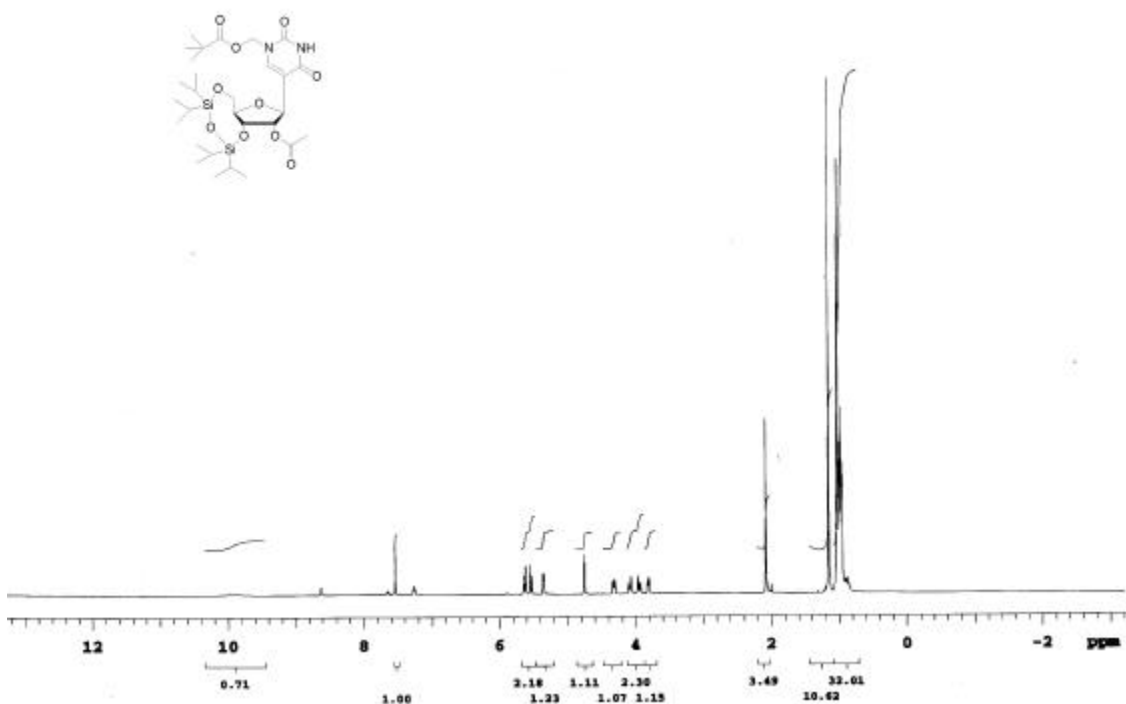
**1-Pivaloyloxymethyl-2'-O-acetyl-3',5'-O-(1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-pseudouridine (3)**

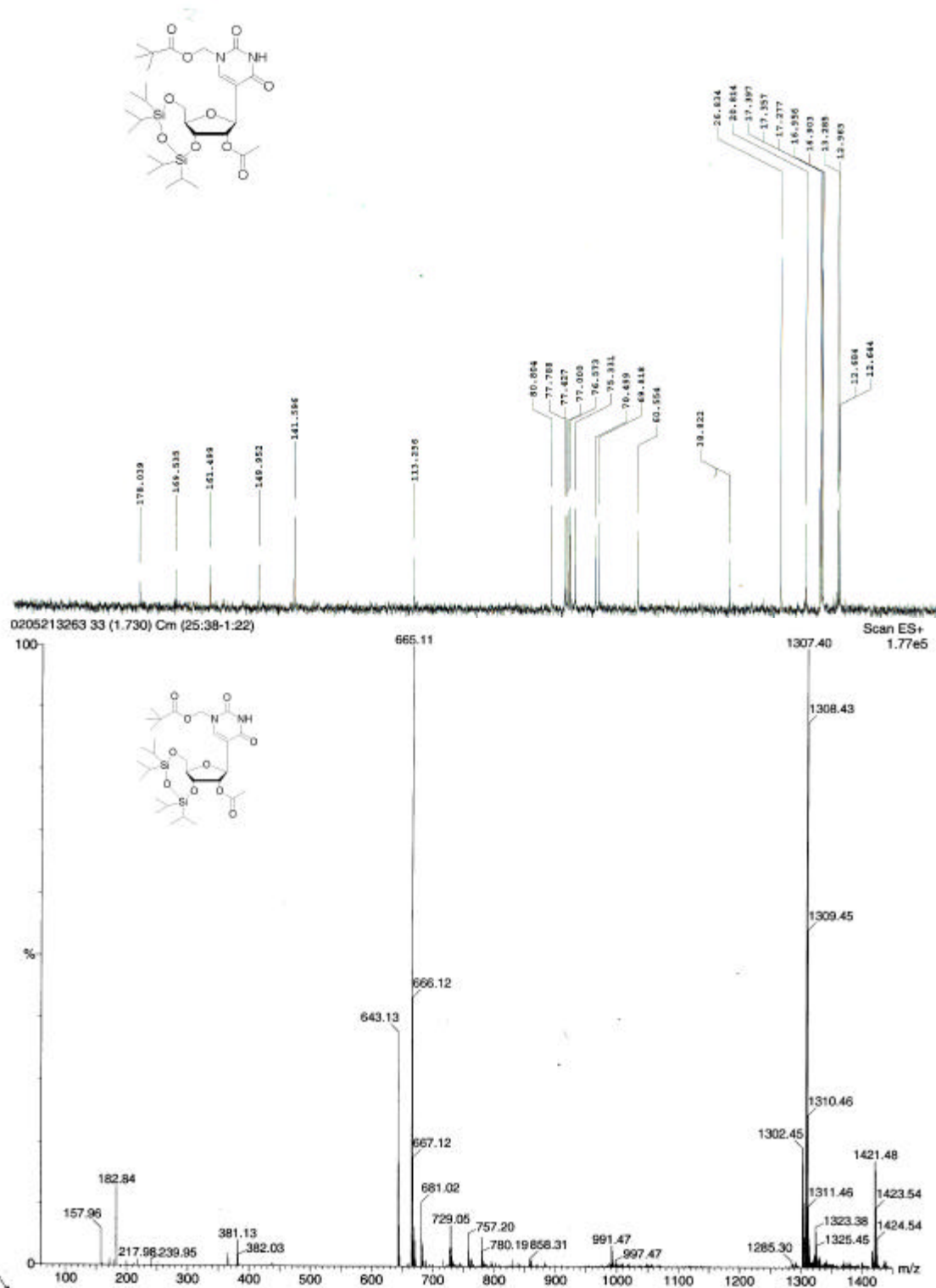
To a clear solution of **2** (251.0 mg, 0.48 mmol, 1.0 eq) in 10 mL of dry triethylamine and 1.7 mL of dry pyridine (6:1) was added chloromethyl pivalate (POMCl) (272  $\mu$ L, 284 mg, 1.89 mmol, 3.9 eq) dropwise. The reaction was stirred for 72 hours at room temperature. An additional 500  $\mu$ L of POMCl (522.5 mg, 3.47 mmol, 7.2 eq) was added dropwise and stirred for 24 hours and repeated with a third aliquot of 500  $\mu$ L POMCl. The reaction was quenched with 5% NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with aqueous brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using a 2:1 hexanes:EtOAc solvent mixture to yield compound **3** as a white crystalline solid in 86% yield (265.5 mg, 0.41 mmol).

TLC (hexanes/EtOAc, 2:1): R<sub>f</sub> = 0.32; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 300 MHz)  $\delta$  (ppm) 0.96 – 1.00 (m, 28H), 1.17 (s, 9H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.96 (dd, 1H, *J* = 6.5, 2.4 Hz), 4.09 (m, 1H), 4.35 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.7, 5.4, 9.2 Hz), 4.74 (d, 1H, *J* = 1.2), 5.38 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.3, 2.1, 1.2 Hz), 5.53 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.5 Hz), 5.63 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.5 Hz), 7.54 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 300 MHz)  $\delta$  (ppm) 12.64, 12.68, 12.97, 13.29, 16.90, 16.96, 17.28, 17.36, 17.40, 20.81, 26.83, 38.82, 60.55, 69.82, 70.50, 75.33, 77.79, 80.80, 113.26, 141.60, 149.95, 161.50, 169.54, 178.04. ESI-MS (ES<sup>+</sup>) calculated for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>50</sub>O<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> 642.3, found 643.1 (MH<sup>+</sup>), 665.1 (M + Na), 1307.4 (2M + Na).

Pulse Sequence: zgpg30

Mercury 400 spectrometer

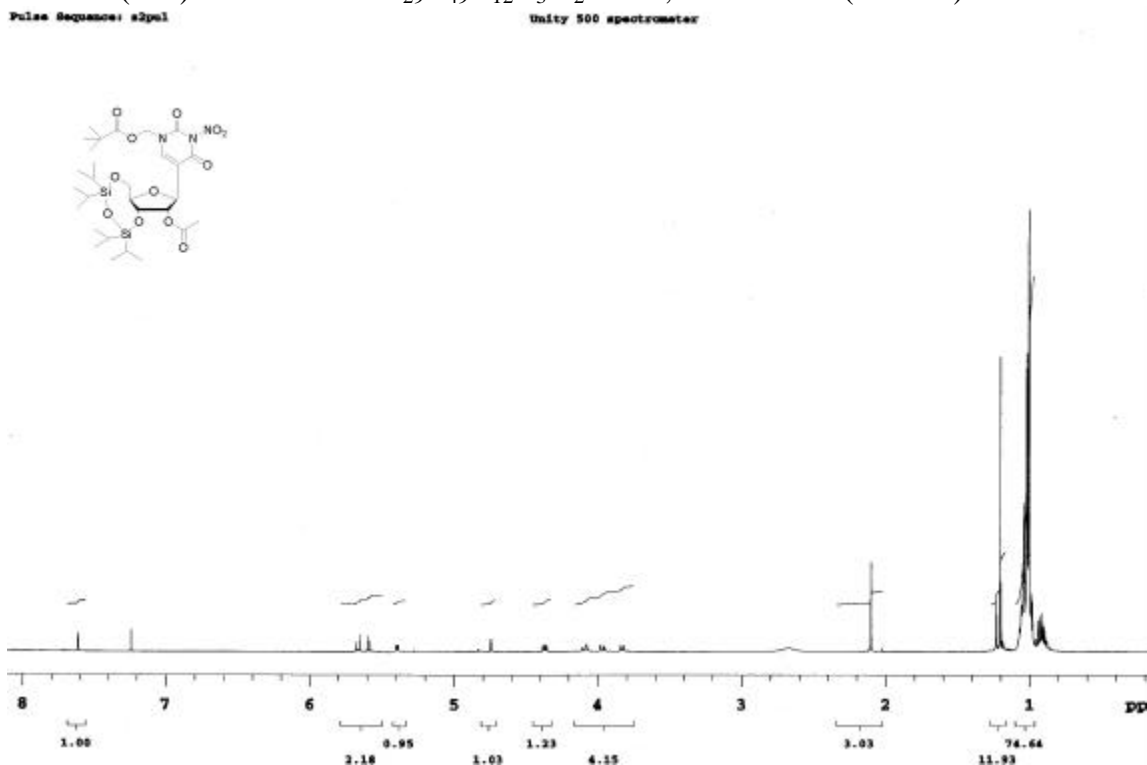


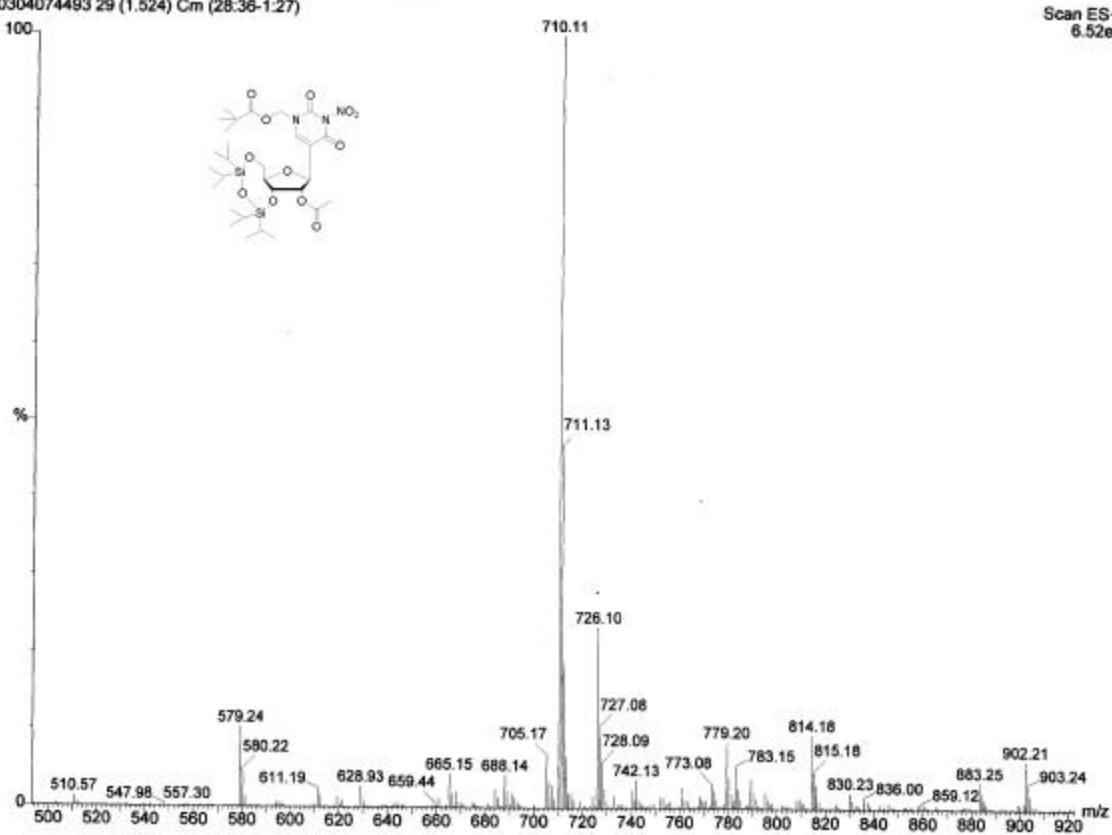
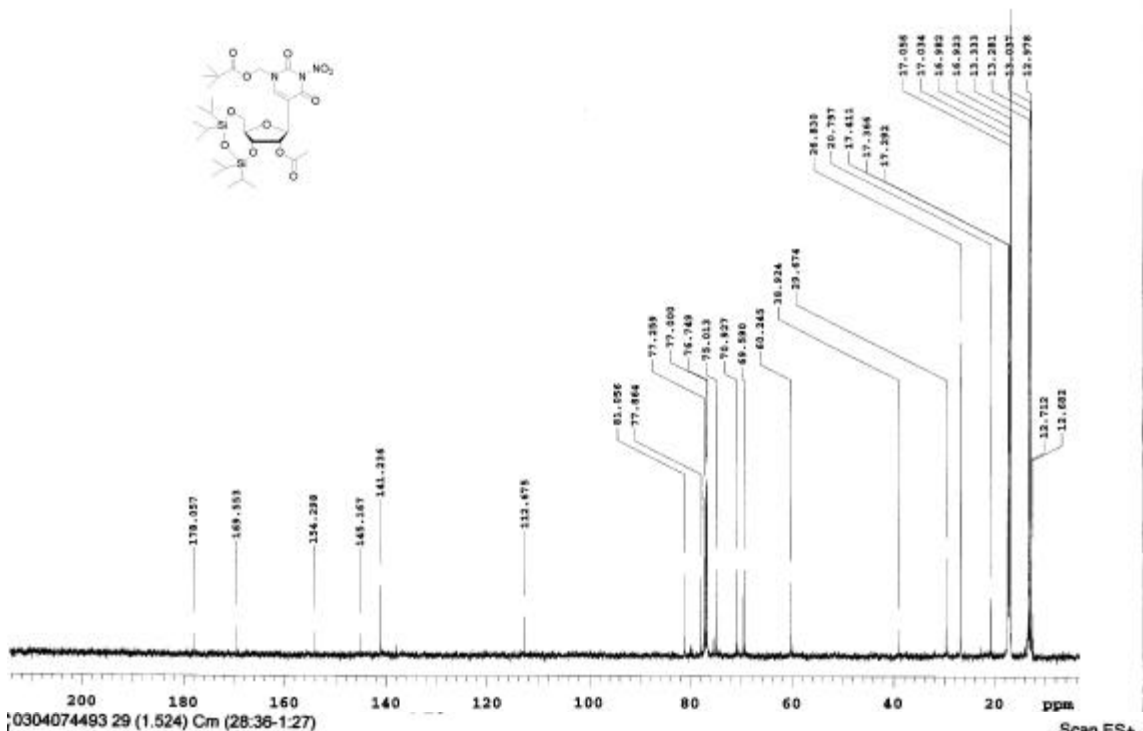


**3-Nitro-1-pivaloyloxymethyl-2'-O-acetyl-3',5'-O-(1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-pseudouridine (4)**

NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> (155 mg, 1.93 mmol, 6.43 eq) was added to 10 mL of distilled CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and stirred vigorously at 0 °C for 1 hour. Trifluoroacetic acid anhydride (450 µL, 666 mg, 5.84 mmol, 19.5 eq) was added dropwise to the cooled stirring solution to yield a cloudy white solution. In a second flask, 2 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was added to **3** (194 mg, 0.30 mmol, 1.0 eq). This solution was added to the first one dropwise, and stirred for 90 minutes. The reaction was quenched with 5% NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with aqueous brine, and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified using a 3:1 hexanes:EtOAc solvent gradient to yield **4** in 73% yield (151 mg, 0.22 mmol).

TLC (hexanes/EtOAc, 2:1): R<sub>f</sub> = 0.65; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) 1.0 – 1.1 (m, 28H), 1.22 (s, 9H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 3.85 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.5 Hz), 3.99 (dd, 1H, *J* = 13, 2.5 Hz), 4.11 (dd, 1H, *J* = 13.3, 2.5, 2 Hz), 4.38 (dd, 1H, *J* = 9, 5.5 Hz), 4.60 (d, 1H, *J* = 2 Hz), 5.41 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.3, 2.0, 1.5 Hz), 5.60 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.5 Hz), 5.68 (d, 1H, 10.5 Hz), 7.63 (d, 1H, *J* = 1.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) 12.68, 12.71, 12.98, 13.04, 13.28, 13.33, 16.92, 16.98, 17.03, 17.06, 17.29, 17.37, 17.41, 20.76, 26.83, 29.67, 38.92, 60.25, 69.59, 70.93, 75.01, 77.86, 81.06, 112.68, 141.24, 145.17, 154.30, 169.55, 178.06. ESI-MS (ES<sup>+</sup>) calculated for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>49</sub>O<sub>12</sub>N<sub>3</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> 687.3, found 710.1 (M + Na).

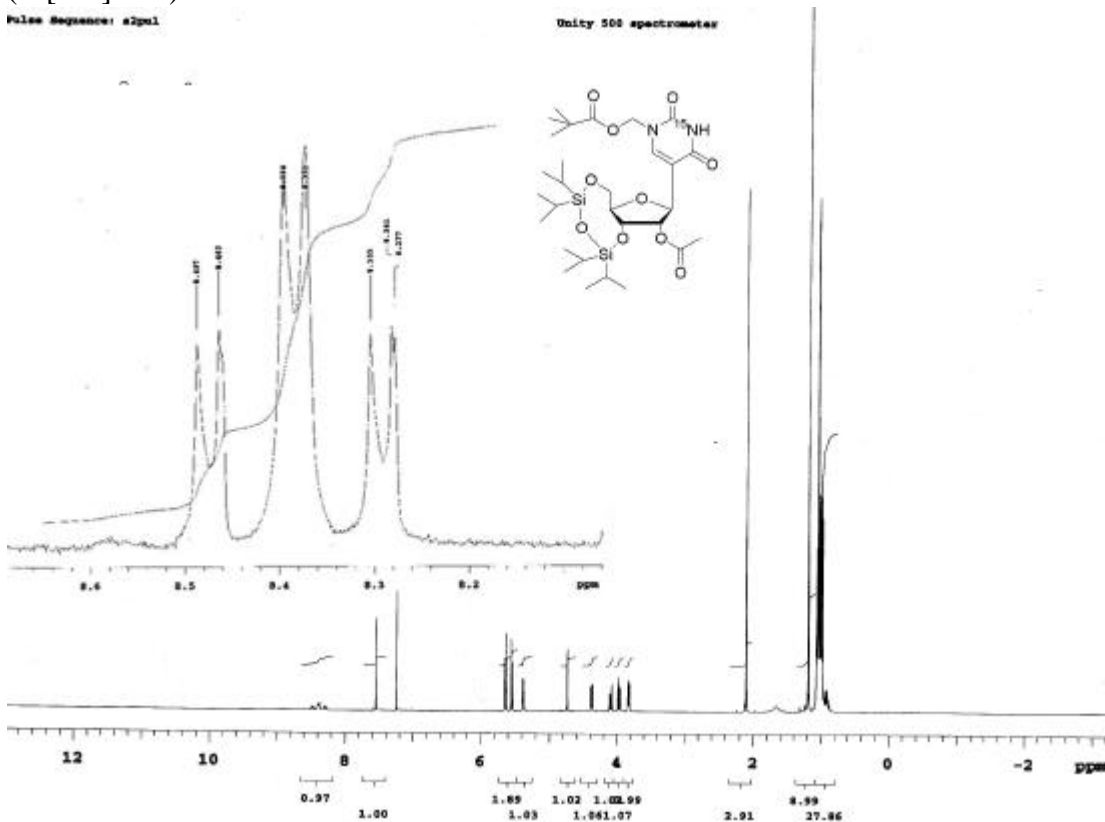




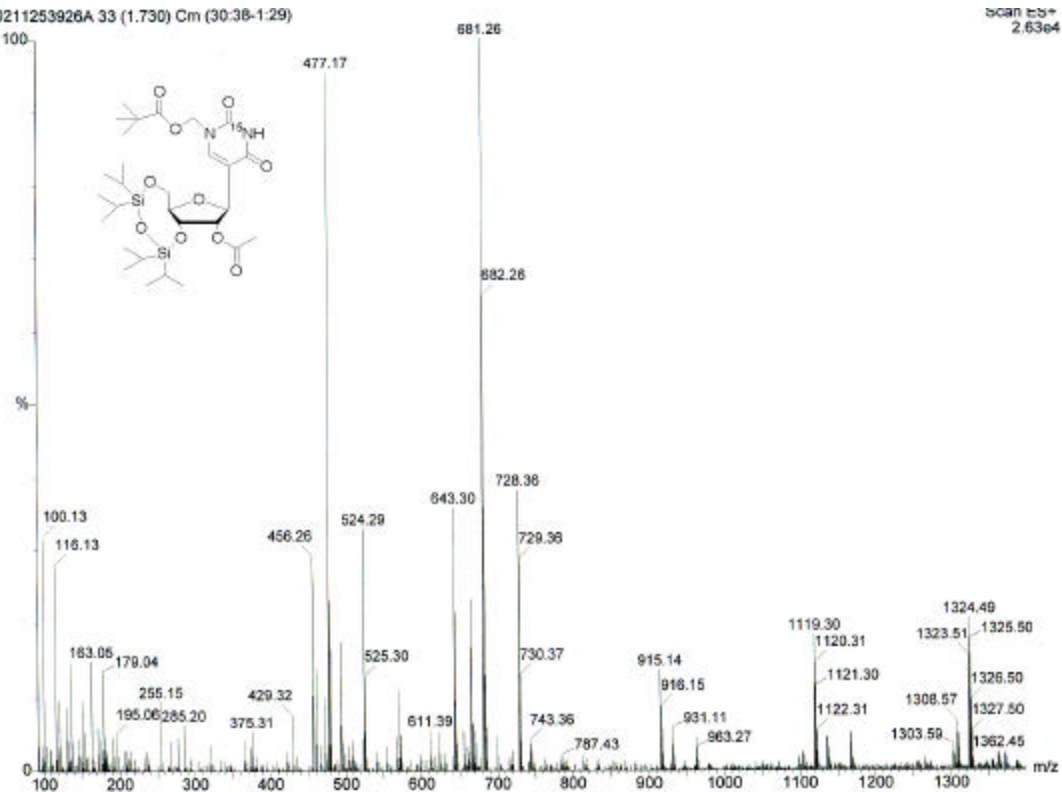
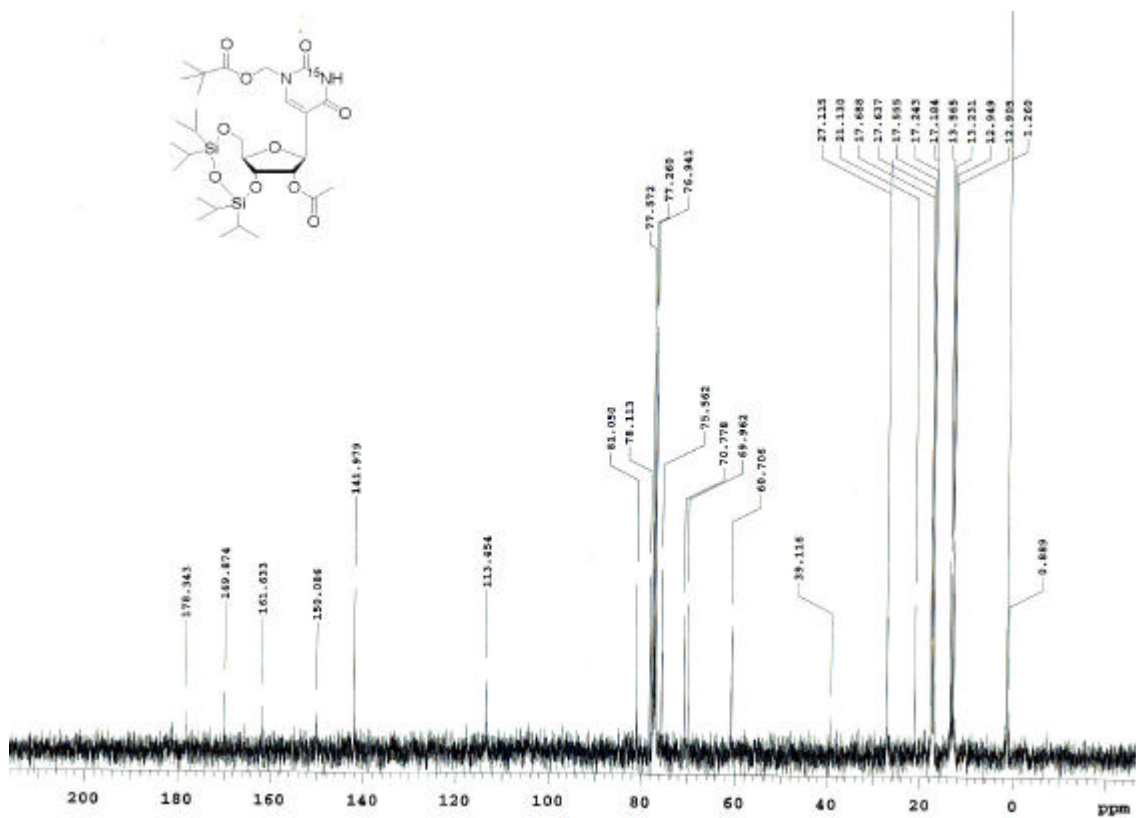
**1-Pivaloyloxymethyl-[3-<sup>15</sup>N]-2'-O-acetyl-3',5'-O-(1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-pseudouridine (5)**

To a round-bottom flask were added <sup>15</sup>NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (17.6 mg, 0.32 mmol, 1.3 eq) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (34.2 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1.0 eq) to a solution containing 620 μL distilled H<sub>2</sub>O and 620 μL CH<sub>3</sub>CN. The round-bottom flask was sealed with a septum and allowed to stir at room temperature for several minutes. Via syringe, 42 μL of Et<sub>3</sub>N (30.1 mg, 0.30 mmol, 1.2 eq), was added dropwise to the stirring solution. A separate solution containing **4** (170 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1.0 eq) in 1.24 mL of CH<sub>3</sub>CN was added dropwise to the first solution. The reaction was allowed to stir at room temperature for 24 h, then heated to 55 °C and stirred for another 24 h. The solvent was evaporated, and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using a 2:1 hexanes:EtOAc solvent mixture to afford **5** in 53% yield (84.0 mg, 0.13 mmol) at 45% <sup>15</sup>N enrichment.

TLC (hexanes/EtOAc, 2:1): R<sub>f</sub> = 0.32; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) 1.00 – 1.06 (m, 28H), 1.20 (s, 9H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.96 (dd, 1H, *J* = 3.3, 10.2), 4.095 (dd, 1H, *J* = 9.6, 3.0, 3.3 Hz), 4.74 (s, 1H), 5.38 (d, 1H, *J* = 3.6 Hz), 5.54 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.9), 5.63 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2), 7.55 (s, 1H), 8.39 (dd, 1H, *J* = 90.9, 11.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz) δ (ppm) (CDCl<sub>3</sub> referenced to 77.260) 12.91, 12.95, 13.23, 13.57, 17.18, 17.24, 17.56, 17.64, 17.69, 21.13, 27.12, 39.12, 60.71, 69.96, 70.78, 75.56, 78.11, 81.05, 113.45, 141.98, 150.09, 161.63, 169.87, 178.34; <sup>15</sup>N NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) : -215.30 (d, 1N, *J* = 91.6 Hz). ESI-MS (ES<sup>+</sup>) calculated for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>50</sub>O<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> 642.3, found 643.3 (MH<sup>+</sup>), 681.3 (M + K), and for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>50</sub>O<sub>10</sub>N<sup>15</sup>NSi<sub>2</sub> 643.3, found 644.3 (M [<sup>15</sup>N]H<sup>+</sup>), 682.3 (M [<sup>15</sup>N] + K).

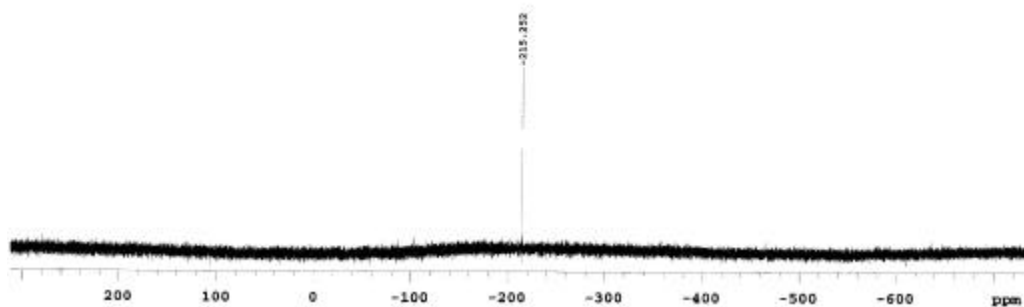






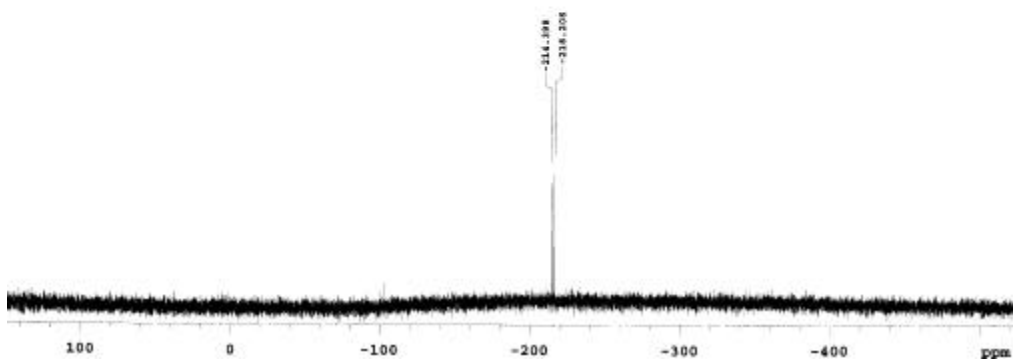
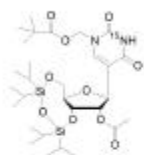
$^{15}\text{N}$  NMR proton decoupled spectrum

Unity 500 spectrometer



$^{15}\text{N}$  NMR proton coupled spectrum

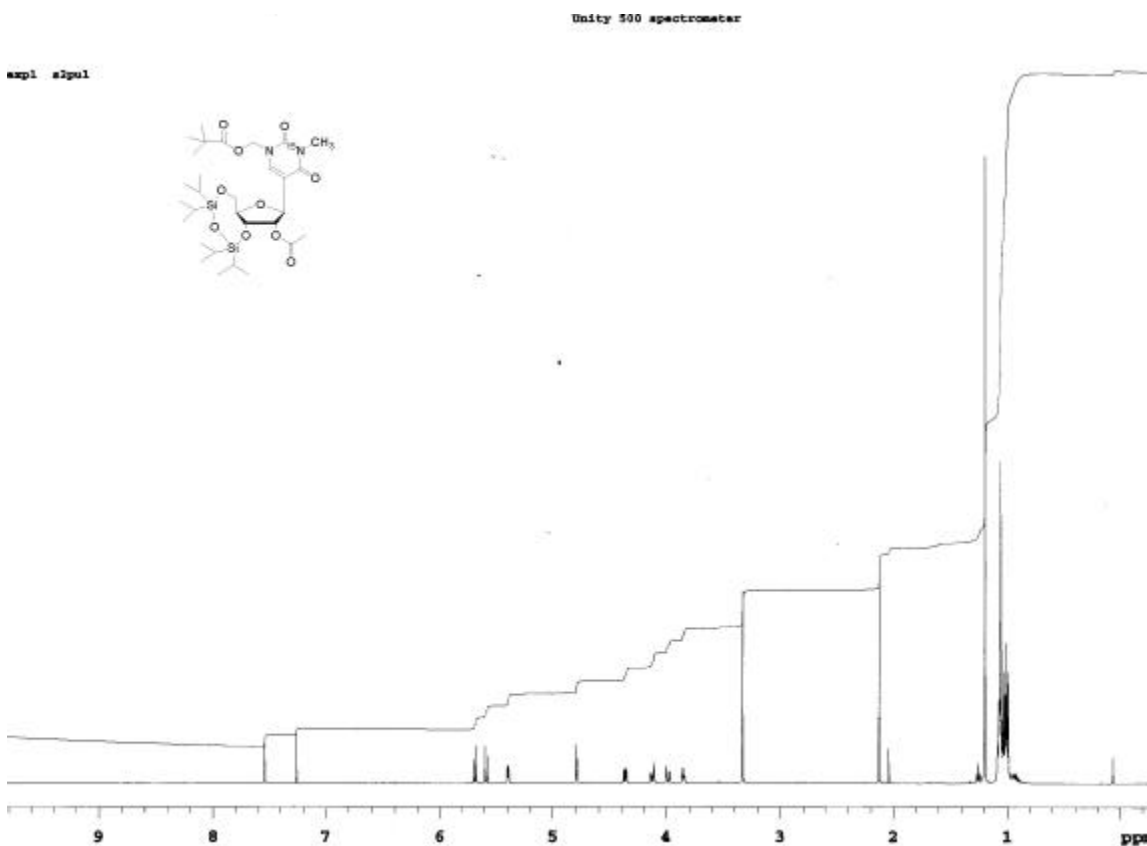
Unity 500 spectrometer



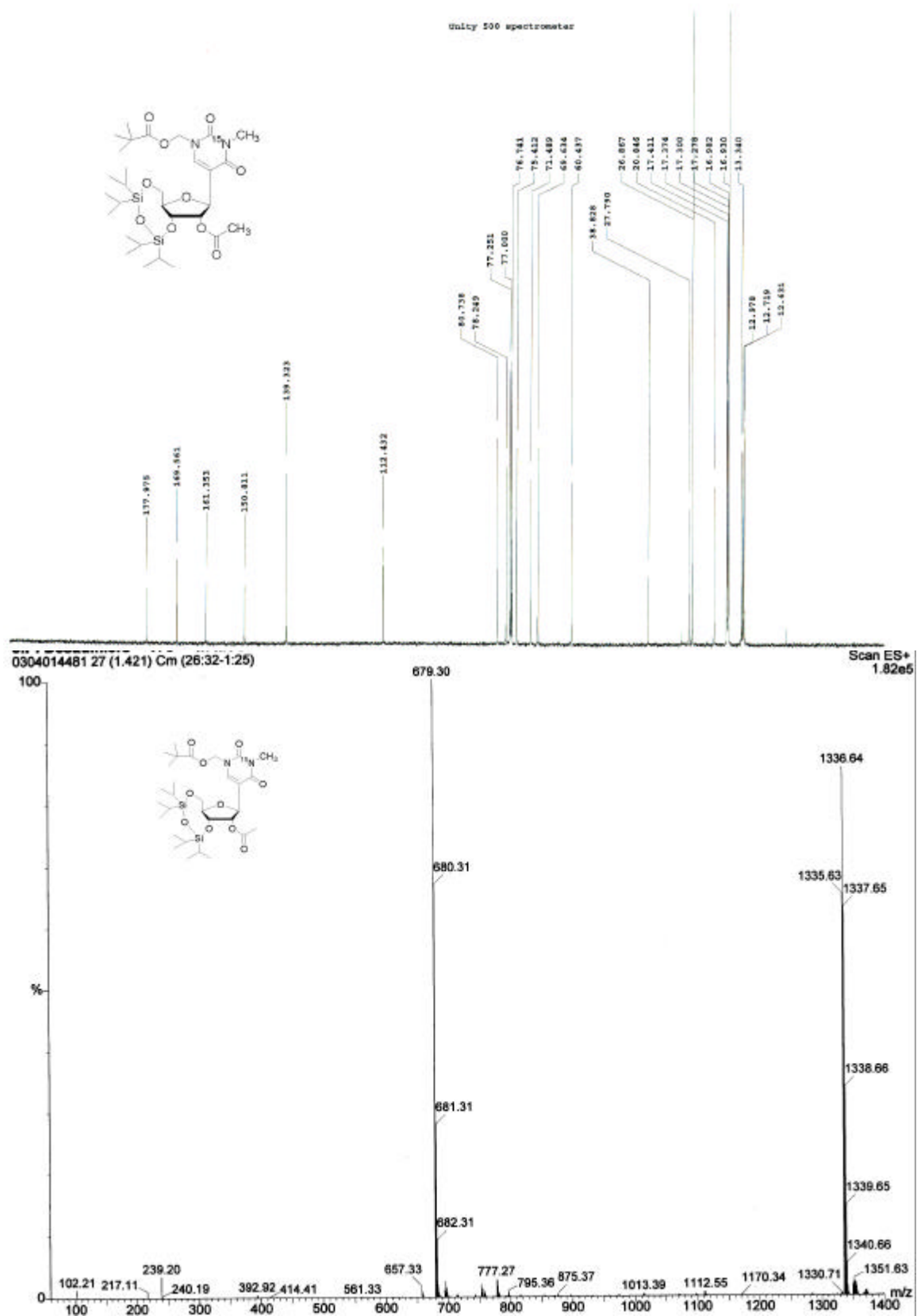
**[3-Methyl-<sup>15</sup>N]-1-pivaloyloxymethyl-2'-*O*-acetyl-3',5'-*O*-(1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-pseudouridine (6)**

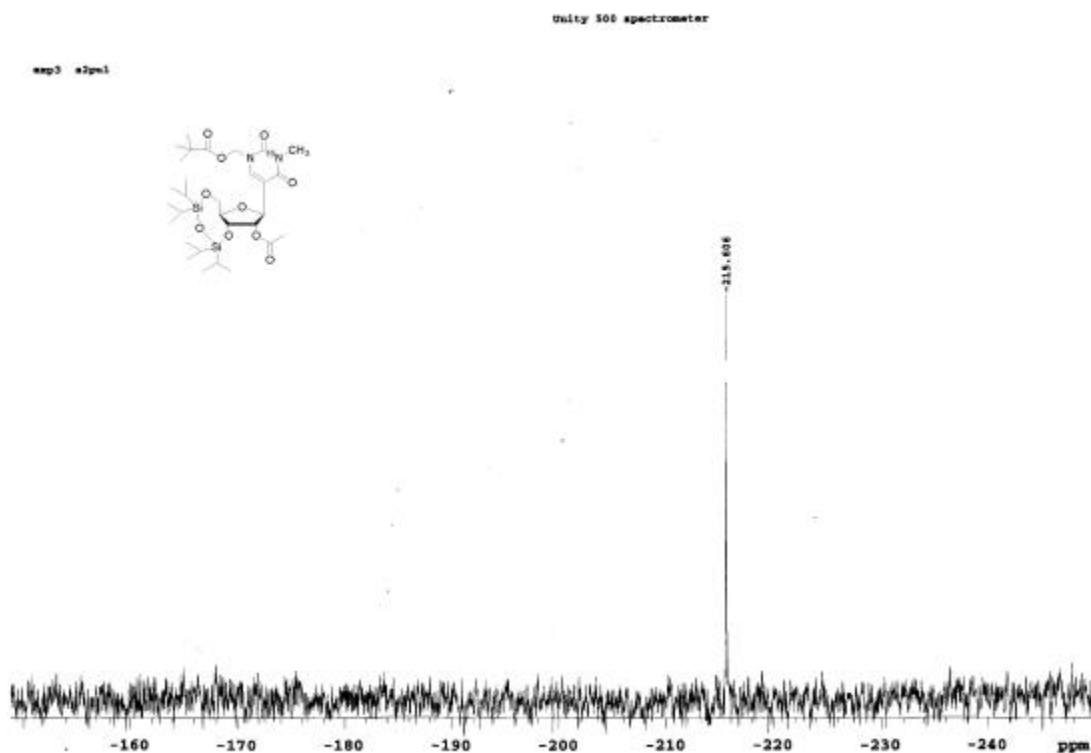
To a clear solution of **5** (41 mg, 0.064 mmol) in 1.1 mL of benzene<sup>‡</sup> was added 26 µL of *N,N*-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (DMF-DMA) (22.8 mg, 0.19 mmol) dropwise to the stirring solution to yield a light yellow colored solution. The reaction was refluxed for 3 h and the solvent was evaporated. The yellow crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica-gel using a 2:1 hexanes:EtOAc solvent mixture to yield compound **6** as a colorless oil in 80% yield (33.4 mg, 0.051 mmol).

TLC (hexanes/EtOAc, 2:1): *R*<sub>f</sub> = 0.42; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) 1.0 – 1.06 (m, 28H), 1.18 (s, 9H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 3.83 (m, 1H), 3.97 (dd, 1H, *J* = 2.5, 3, 13 Hz), 4.11 (dd, 1H, *J* = 13.5, 2.5 Hz), 4.35 (dd, 1H, *J* = 9, 5 Hz), 4.78 (s, 1H), 5.37 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5, 1.5), 5.57 (d, 1H, *J* = 10 Hz), 5.67 (d, 1H, *J* = 10 Hz), 7.52 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) 12.63, 12.72, 12.98, 13.34, 16.93, 16.98, 17.28, 17.30, 17.37, 17.41, 20.85, 26.87, 27.79, 38.83, 60.44, 69.63, 71.49, 75.41, 78.25, 80.74, 112.43, 139.32, 150.81, 161.35, 169.56, 177.98; <sup>15</sup>N NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) -215.61. ESI-MS (ES<sup>+</sup>) calculated for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>52</sub>O<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> 656.3, found 679.3 (M + Na), 1336.6 (2M + Na) and for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>52</sub>O<sub>10</sub>N<sup>15</sup>Si<sub>2</sub> 657.3, found 680.3 (M [<sup>15</sup>N] + Na), 1337.7 (2M [<sup>15</sup>N] + Na).



<sup>‡</sup>Benzene is a hazardous material and caution should be taken when using this reagent (see MSDS for hazard information)

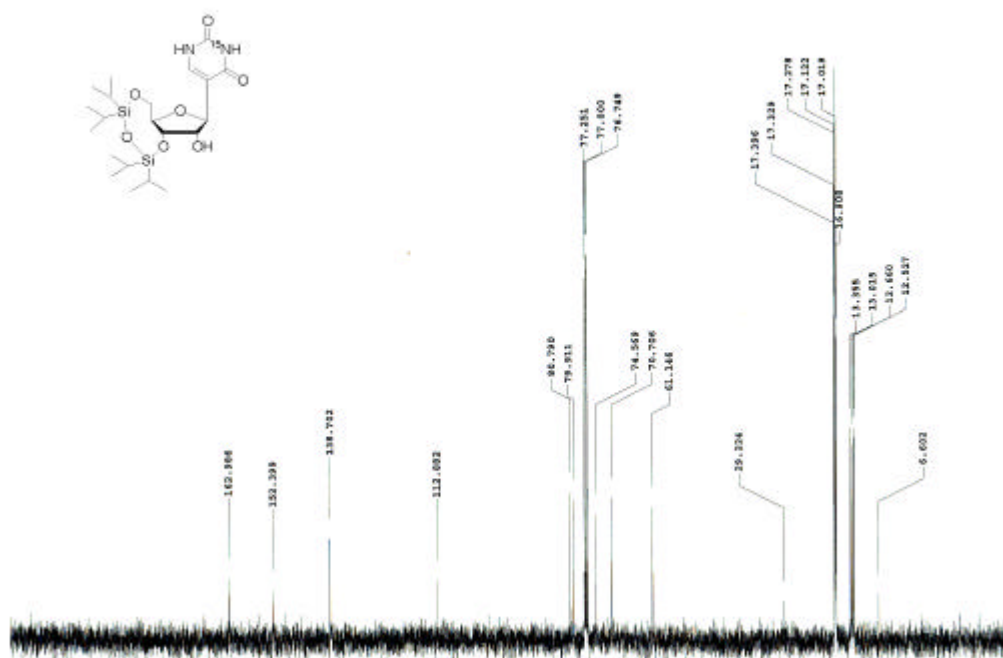
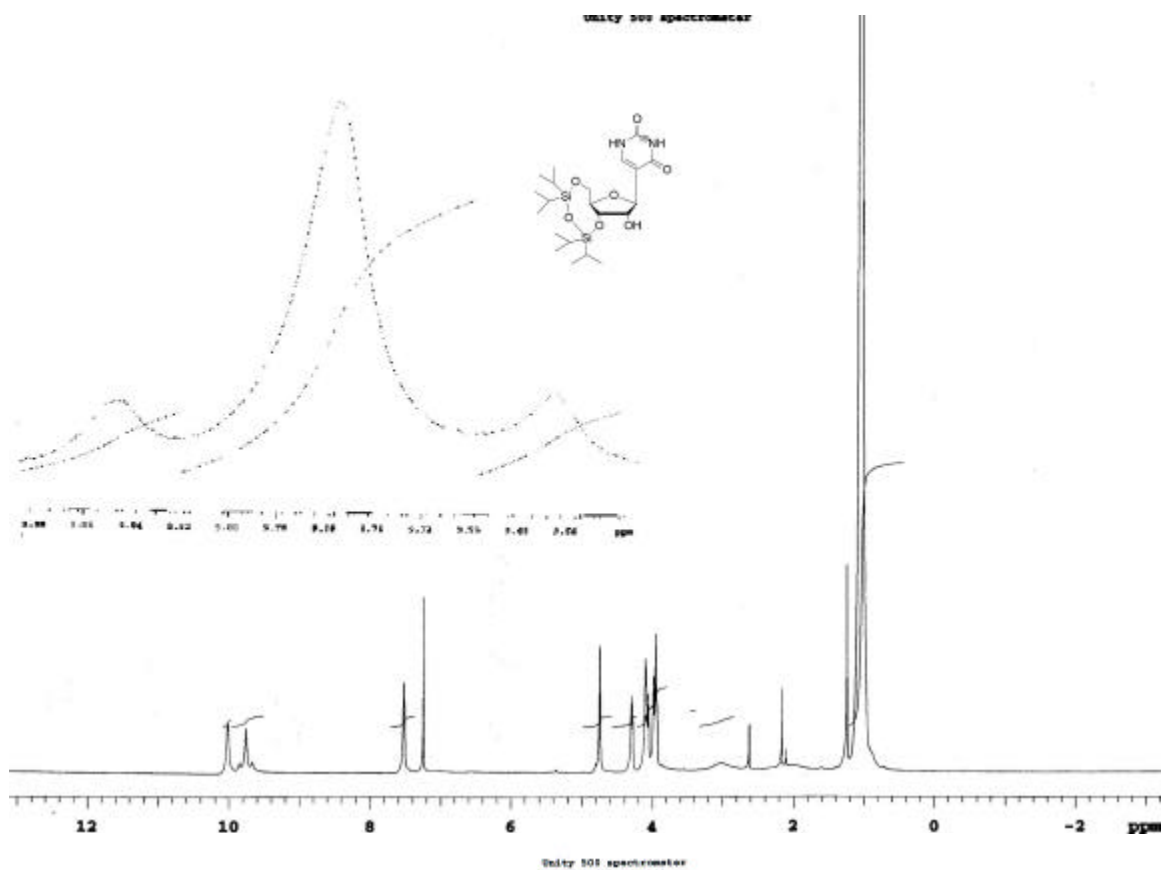


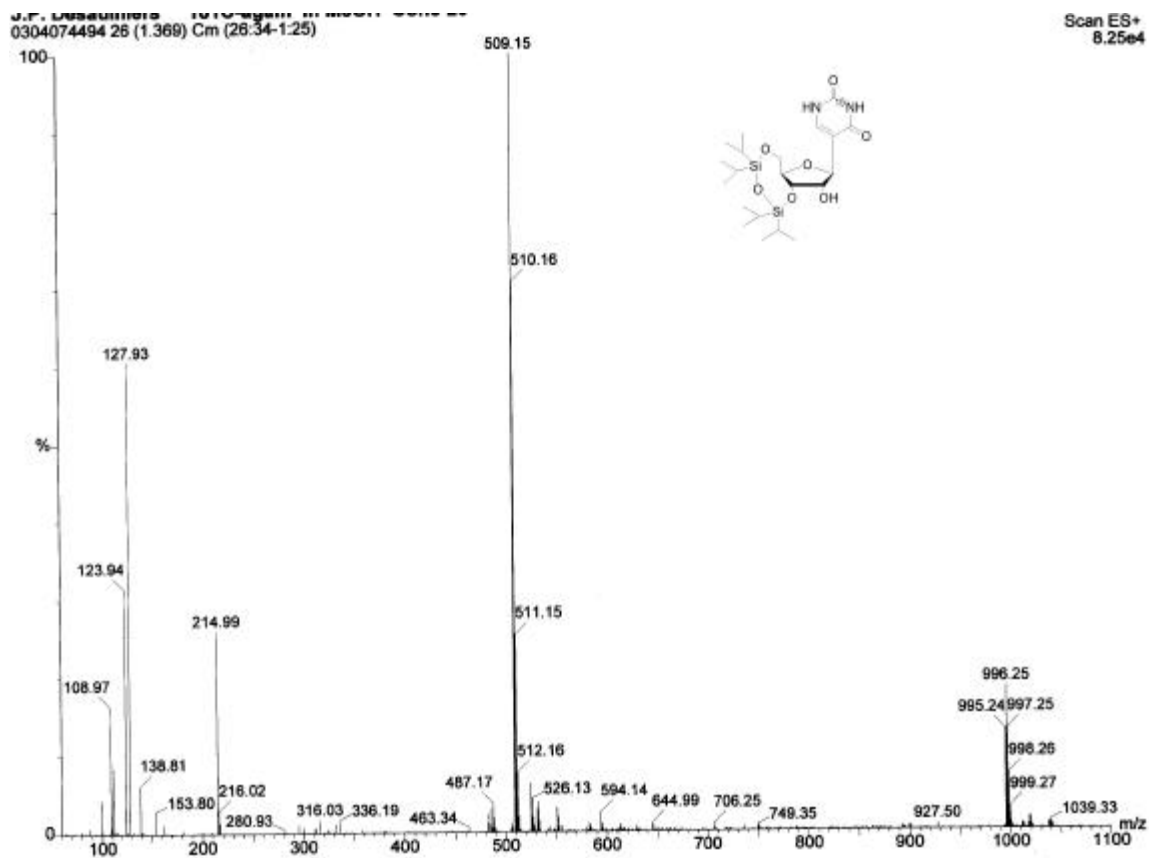


**[3-<sup>15</sup>N]-3',5'-O-(1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-pseudouridine (7a):**

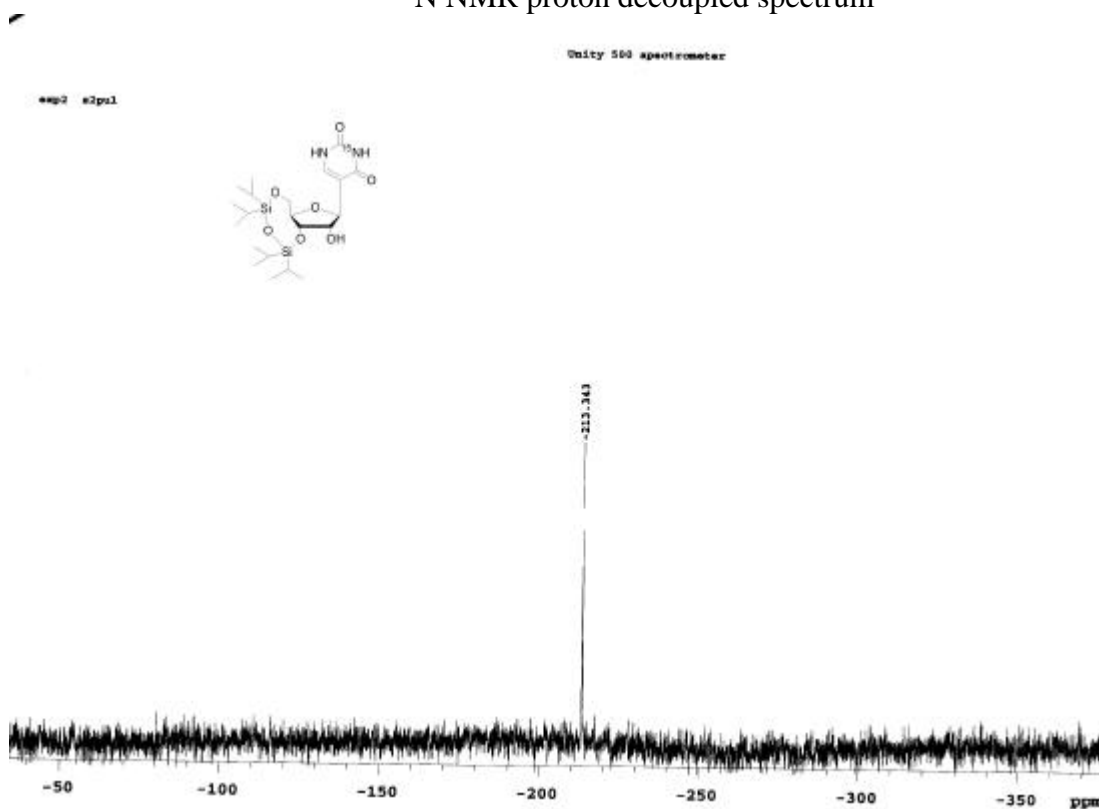
To compound **5** (200 mg, 0.311 mmol) was added 3 mL of methanolic ammonia (2.0 M in methanol) and stirred for 24 h. The following day, the temperature was increased to 50 °C and stirred for another 24 h. The solvent was evaporated and the product was isolated by flash column chromatography on silica gel using a 4:1 to 2:1 hexanes to EtOAc gradient to afford **7a** as an oil (115 mg, 0.236 mmol) in 76% yield.

TLC (hexanes/EtOAc, 2:1):  $R_f$  = 0.03; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) 1.00 – 1.06 (m, 28H), 2.62 (s, 1H), 3.93 – 3.98 (m, 2H), 4.06 – 4.10 (m, 2H), 4.29 (dd, 1H,  $J$  = 8.5, 5 Hz), 4.74 (s, 1H), 7.52 (s, 1H), 9.76 (d, 1H,  $J$  = 91.5 Hz), 10.01 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) 12.53, 12.66, 13.02, 13.36, 16.91, 17.02, 17.12, 17.28, 17.33, 17.40, 29.22, 61.15, 70.71, 74.57, 79.91, 80.79, 112.88, 138.70, 152.40, 162.99; <sup>15</sup>N NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) -213.34 (d, 1N,  $J$  = 91.2 Hz). ESI-MS (ES<sup>+</sup>) calculated for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>7</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> 486.2, found 509.2 (M + Na) and for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>7</sub>N<sup>15</sup>Si<sub>2</sub> 487.2, found 510.2 (M [<sup>15</sup>N] + Na).

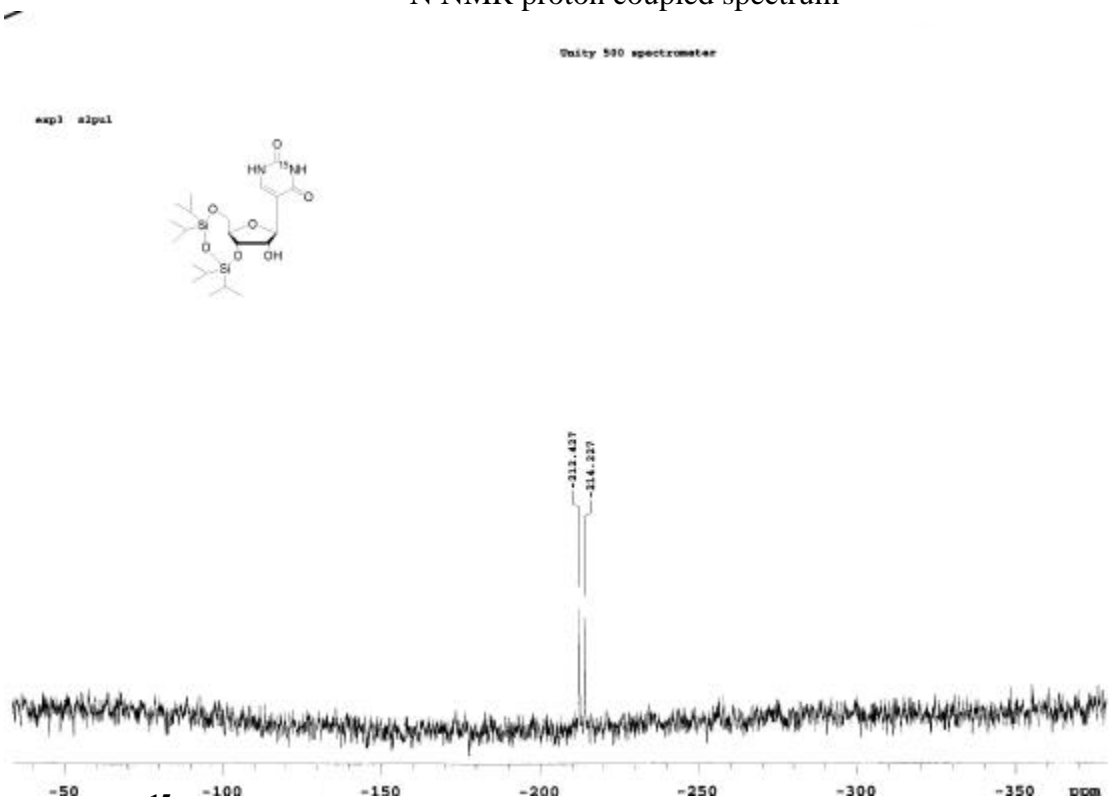




$^{15}\text{N}$  NMR proton decoupled spectrum



<sup>15</sup>N NMR proton coupled spectrum

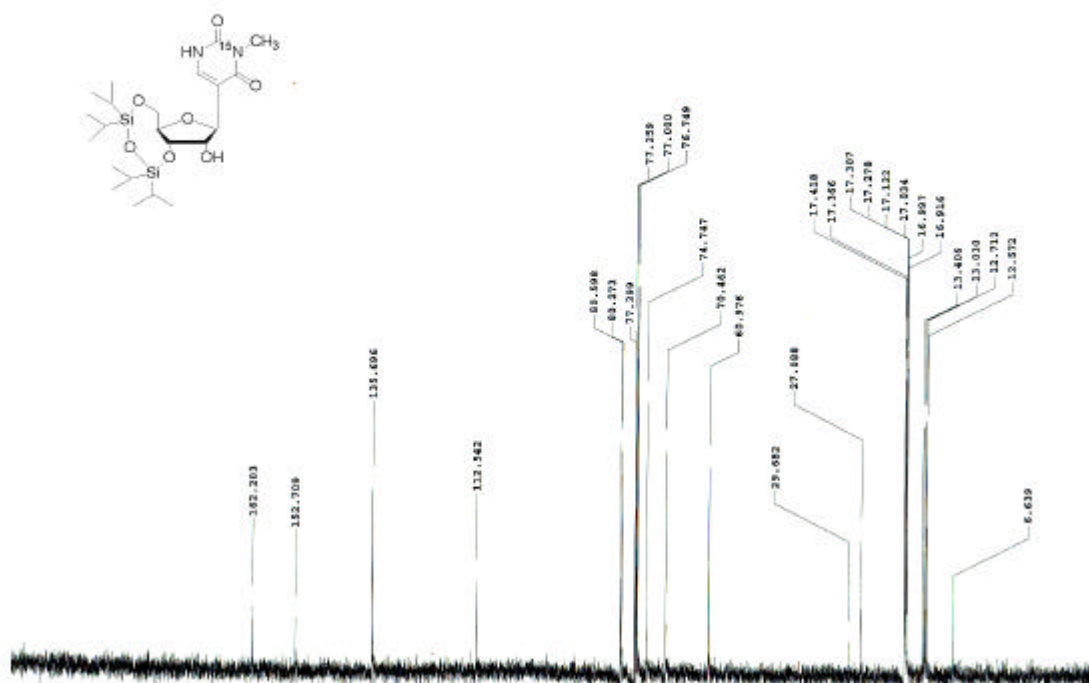


[3-Methyl-<sup>15</sup>N]-3',5'-O-(1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-pseudouridine (**7b**):

To compound **6** (16 mg, 0.024 mmol) was added 3 mL of methanolic ammonia (2.0 M in methanol) and stirred for 24 h. The following day, the temperature was increased to 50 °C and stirred for another 24 h. The solvent was evaporated and the product was isolated by flash column chromatography on silica gel using a 4:1 to 2:1 hexanes to EtOAc gradient to afford **7b** as an oil (7.7 mg, 0.015 mmol) in 63% yield.

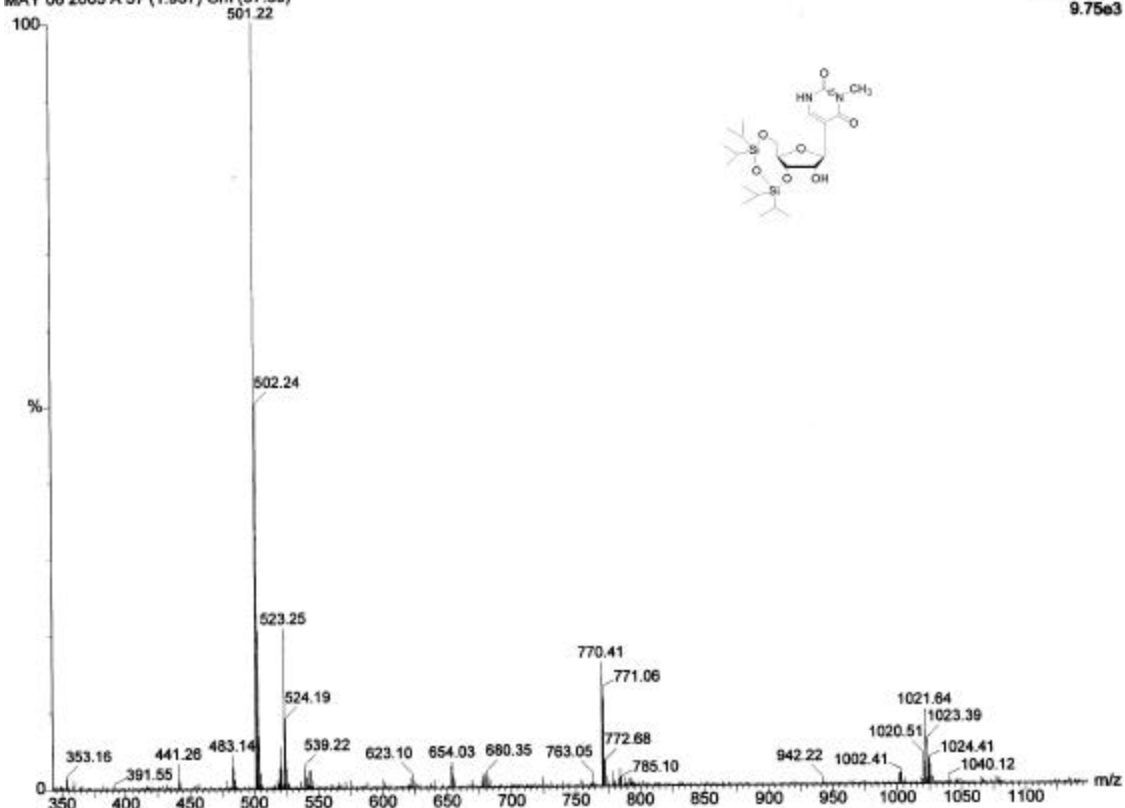
TLC (hexanes/EtOAc, 2:1):  $R_f$  = 0.13; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) 0.99 – 1.1 (m, 28H), 2.62 (s, 1H), 3.3 (s, 3H), 3.93 – 3.98 (m, 2H), 4.06 – 4.10 (m, 2H), 4.27 (dd,  $J$  = 8.5, 5 Hz), 4.78 (s, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 9.80 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) 12.57, 12.71, 13.03, 13.41, 16.92, 17.00, 17.03, 17.12, 17.28, 17.31, 17.37, 17.42, 27.09, 29.68, 60.98, 70.46, 74.75, 77.40, 80.27, 80.60, 112.54, 135.70, 152.71, 162.20; <sup>15</sup>N NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz) δ (ppm) -214.39. ESI-MS (ES<sup>+</sup>) calculated for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>7</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> 500.2, found 501.2 (MH<sup>+</sup>) and C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>7</sub>N<sup>15</sup>Si<sub>2</sub> 501.2, found 502.2 (M[<sup>15</sup>N]H<sup>+</sup>).





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Scan ES+  
9.75e3



Unity 500 spectrometer

